

Severe infestations of cabbage seed weevil and brassica pod midge in winter oilseed rape in Sweden.

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Europeiska jordbruksfonden för landsbygdsutveckling: Europa investerar i landsbygdsområde





Sweden – arable land 2,6 million hectares

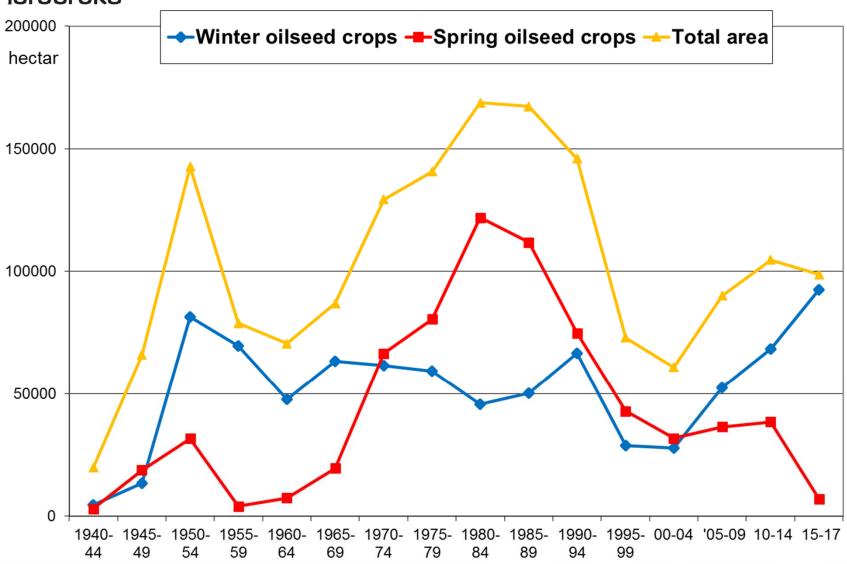
Crop	Hectare 2016
Winter wheat	375 000
Spring barley	310 000
Oats	180 000
Winter oilseed rape (WOSR)	105 000
Spring oilseed rape (SOSR)	7 000
Sugarbeets	30 000





Acreage of oilseed crops in Sweden 1940-2017

including white mustard and flax 1940-1984





Many insect pests in WOSR

- Cabbage stem flea beetle
- Pollen beetle



Cabbage seed weevil

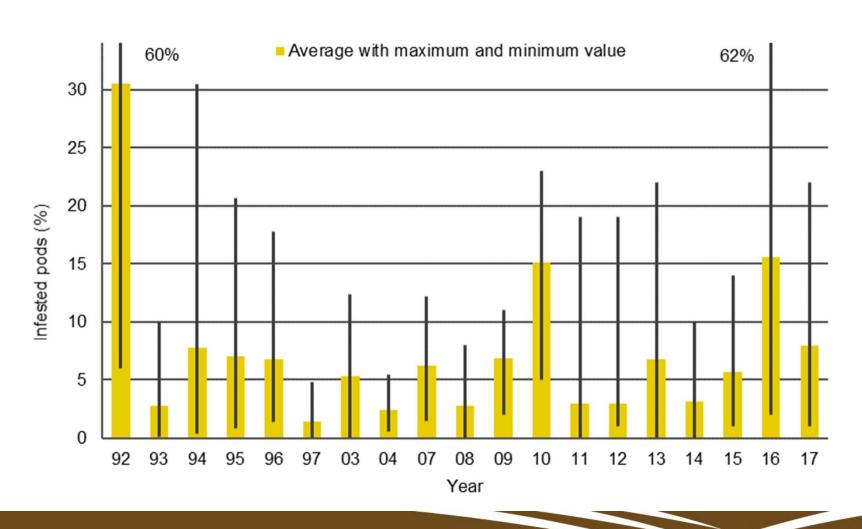


Brasscia pod midge

Last severe infection of cabbage seed weevil and brassica pod midge was in Scania 1970s and Östergötland 1992



Survey brassica pod midge Östergötland 1992-2017 15 fields /year





2016

Cabbage seed weevil

Brassica pod midge

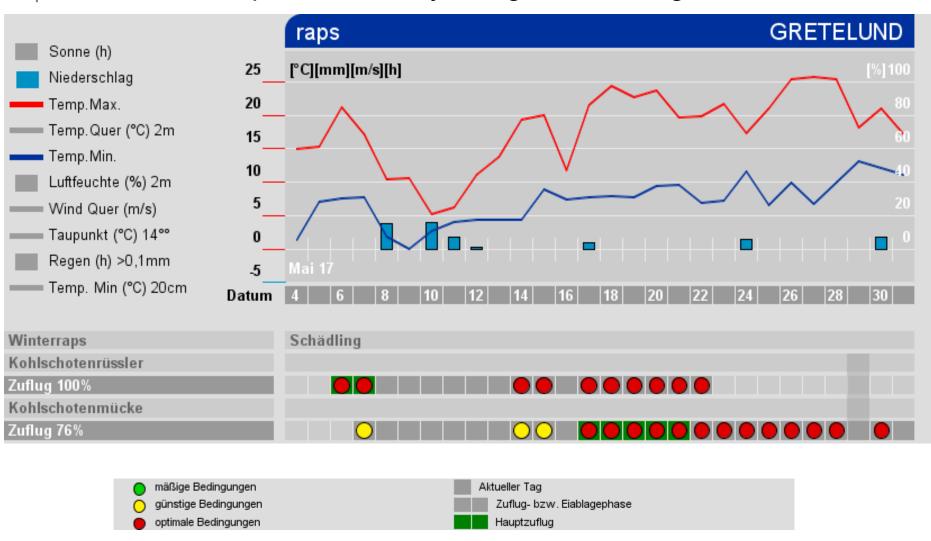






Good condition for migration May 2017 Scania

proPlant – Bayer Digetal Farming





Brassica pod midge - 29th May 2017 Scania

Foto: Anders Adholm HIR Skåne





Brassica pod midge Scania -

Monitering (% damaged pods)

	Number of fields	Fieldborder (variation)	20-30 m in the field(variation)
2015	20	23 (0-74)	8 (0-43)
2016	40	40 (5-90)	28 (1-80)
2017	27	38 (1-87)	18 (3-45)

2016 - Treated and untreated fields difficult to see difference 2017 web survey 200 farmers – 46 % satisfied with the efficacy of treatments



Threshold and treatment

Threshold cabbage stem weevil - 1-2 weevil/plant

Lowered the threshold 2016
Brassica pod midge no threshold

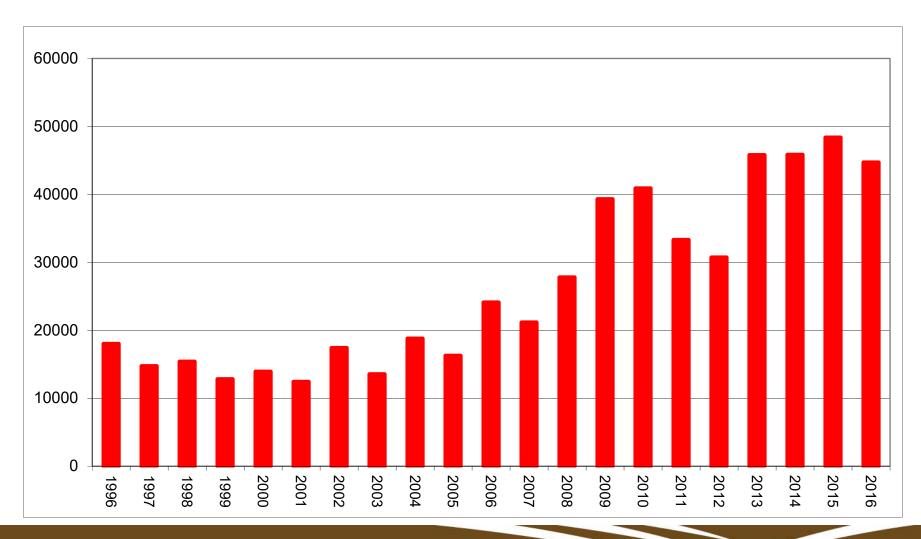
Application in flowering thiachloprid, acetamiprid, alpha-cypermethrin, tau-fluvalinate indoxacarb (before GS 57)
Few samples tested for resistance – negative (so far)

Several applications, timing difficult

Damage natural enemies, parasitoides



Area of winter oilseed rape in Scania doubled last years





Summary



- Extensive cultivation of winter oilseed rape with a substantial increase in recent years in Scania
- Short distance between last and this years' oilseed rape fields benefits the pod midge which has poor flight ability
- The balance between the weevil /the pod midge and its' natural enemies has been shifted – the parasitoid wasps requires time to multiply
- At present treatment is required to safeguard yields and enable cultivation of oilseed rape

In the longer term

- Adapt treatment to a strictly needs basis
- Improved thresholds
- Project based on pheromone traps to catch the podge midge
- Less or decreased oilseed rape cultivation in certain areas